॥ मनिषापञ्चकम् ॥ MANISA - PANCAKAM

(1)

जाग्रत्स्वप्नसुषुप्तिषु स्फुटतरा या संविदुज्जृम्भते या ब्रह्मादिपिपीलिकान्ततनुषु प्रोता जगत्साक्षिणी। सैवाहं न च दृश्यवस्त्विति दृढप्रज्ञापि यस्यास्ति चे – चाण्डालोऽस्तु स तु द्विजोऽस्तु गुरुरित्येषा मनीषा मम॥

"That consciousness which shines clearly in the states of waking, dream, and deep sleep, that witness of the world which inter - penetrates all beings from Brahma down to an ant - that, verily, I am, and not the seen object" - he to whom there is such firm knowledge is the preceptor, be he a candala or brahmana. This is my conclusive view.

(2)

ब्रह्मैवाहमिदं जगब सकलं चिन्मात्रविस्तारितं सर्वं चैतदविद्यया त्रिगुणयाऽशेषं मया कल्पितन्। इत्थं यस्य दृढामतिः सुरवतरे नित्ये परे निर्मले चाण्डालोऽस्तु स तु द्विजोऽस्तु गुरुरित्येषा मनीषा मम ॥

"I am Brahman alone. And, this entire world has been spread out by pure consciousness. All this, without residue, has been superimposed by me through nescience which consists of the three gunas (sattva, rajas, and tamas)" - thus, he to whom there is firm knowledge in respect of the eternal, blemishless supreme (Brahman) which is unexcellable bliss, is the preceptor, be he a candala or a brahmana. This is my conclusive view.

(3)

शश्चन्नरमेव विश्वमखिलं निश्चित्य वाचा गुरो – र्नित्यं ब्रह्म निरन्तरं विमृशता निर्व्याजशान्तात्मना । भूतं भाति च दुष्कृतं प्रदहता संविन्मये पावके प्रारब्धाय समर्पितं स्ववपुरित्येषा मनीषा मम ॥ "The entire universe constantly perishes" - determining thus through the teaching of the preceptor, he who contemplates ceaselessly the eternal Brahman, has his mind rendered guileless and quiescent, gets the evil results of his past and future deeds burnt up in the fire of knowledge, and offers up his body to prarabdha (i.e. karma that is responsible for the present embodiment). This is my conclusive view.

(4)

या तिर्यङ्नरदेवताभिरहमित्यन्तः स्फुटा गृह्यते यद्भासा हृदयाक्षदेहविषया भान्ति स्वतोऽचेतनाः । तां भारयैः पिहितार्कमण्डलनिभां स्फूर्ति सदा भावय – न्योगी निर्वृतमानसो हि गुरुरित्येषा मनीषा मम ॥

That (Pure Consciousness) which is realized wthin clearly as "I" by animals, men and gods; that by whose light the mind, the sense-organs, the body, and the objects, which are by themselves non-intelligent, shine; that which is (hidden) like the solar orb that is covered by what are illumined by it (viz. the clouds) - contemplating that Effulgence always, the yogi becomes filled with the supreme happiness in his mind. That one is preceptor. This is my conclusive view.

(5)

यत्सौख्याम्बुधिलेशलेशत इमे शक्रादयो निर्वृता यद्यित्ते नितरां प्रशान्तकलने लब्ध्वा मुनिर्निर्वृतः। यस्मिन्नित्यसुखाम्बुधौ गलितधीर्ब्रह्मैव न ब्रह्मविद् – यः कश्चित्स सुरेन्द्रवन्दितपदो नूनं मनीषा मम॥

That ocean of bliss, by taking a very small drop of which Indra and other gods become happy; that by gaining which in the mind that has become perfectly quiescent without modification, the ascetic experiences happiness; that ocean of eternal bliss, by dissolving the mind into which, one remains even as Brahman, and not merely as a knower of Brahman - he (who knows this), whoever he may be, is the one whose feet are adored by (even) the king of the gods. Surely, this is my conclusive view.